



Churchill was upset about slow penicillin progress for soldiers in World War Two. He wanted it ready for D-Day to help treat injured soldiers.



Penicillin was found in London in 1928 by Professor Alexander Fleming. The US made more penicillin than the UK because it was hard to make in the UK.



Churchill worried about not having enough penicillin. Before D-Day, the US made enough for soldiers. It wasn't for everyone until 1946.



A doctor in Cornwall needed penicillin for a sick child, but it was for the military. Churchill worked hard to make penicillin available during the war.